Visum™ Surgical Lights

- Halogen
- LED

Pre-Installation Manual



Visum[™] Surgical Lights

(Halogen & LED)

Pre-Installation Manual

This manual contains confidential information that should not be disclosed or duplicated for any reason other than to use and maintain a Stryker Visum. This restriction does not limit the right to use information contained in this manual, if it is obtained from another source without restriction. The information subject to this restriction is contained in all pages of this manual.

© 2007 Stryker Communications. All rights reserved. Information in this document is subject to change without notice. Stryker, Stryker logo, and Visum™ are registered trademarks of Stryker.

All rights reserved

Visum™ Surgical Lights (Halogen & LED) Pre-Installation Manual

1001-400-008 REV F

Contents

Scope	4
Warnings and Cautions	5
Symbols	6
Terms	6
Guidelines and Responsibilities	7
Hospital/Contractor Responsibility	7
Mounting Plate Descriptions	10
Mounting (Interface) Plate	10
Universal Mounting Plate	11
Visum 450 and Visum 600 (Halogen) Part Descriptions	12
Visum 450 & 600 (Halogen) Light Power Supply Box	12
Visum 450 & Visum 600 (Halogen) Light and Camera Wall Control Panel	13
Visum LED Part Descriptions	14
Power Supply Box for Visum LED	14
Power Supply Box Wall Mount (Optional)	15
Visum LED Wall Control Panel	16
Site Preparation	17
Support Structure	17
Electrical Installation	20
Specifications	27
Environmental Specifications	27
Electrical Specifications	27
Mechanical Specifications	27
Critical Distances	27
Support Structure Loads	28
Light Suspension Specifications	29
Appendix A: Seismic Calculations (Halogen Surgical Lights)	30
Appendix B: Seismic Calculations (LED Surgical Lights)	42

Contents

Scope

This Pre-Installation Guide describes the requirements for assembling and installing components used in the support of Stryker ceiling-mounted surgical lighting and monitor carrying assemblies prior to installation. This guide covers all mechanical and electrical pre-installation requirements for the lights, control panel, and power supply. This guide does not describe the installation of the surgical monitors or support arm assemblies.

6 Scope

Warnings and Cautions

Read this guide and follow its instructions carefully. The words WARNING, CAUTION, and Note carry special meaning and should be carefully reviewed:



WARNING

A warning indicates that the personal safety of the patient or physician may be involved. Disregarding this information could result in injury to the patient or physician.



Caution

A caution indicates that there is risk of damaging the instrument.



WARNING

A warning with a lightning bolt warns of hazardous voltage. All service must be performed by authorized personnel.



Note

A note provides additional information, which may be useful but is not essential to complete the procedure.

To avoid serious injury to the user, patient, and/or damage to this device, adhere to the following warnings.

- Use caution when lifting heavy objects to avoid serious bodily injury or damage to equipment.
- Energized electrical circuits can cause severe injury or death. Ensure that all personnel working around energized circuits have been trained in and follow proper lock-out/tag-out and other applicable safety procedures.
- All Stryker-supplied equipment should be stored in a clean, dry environment prior to installation. Failing to comply with this requirement may lead to equipment damage and possible failure of life support components.

Warnings and Cautions 7

Symbols



Denotes oxygen explosion - Oxygen forms explosive mixtures with oils, greases, and lubricants. Compressed oxygen presents an explosion hazard. Keep oxygen and gas outlets free from substances that contain oil, grease, or lubricants



Denotes compliance to CSA Standard C22.2, 60601.1 - M90



Denotes compliance to CSA Standard C22.2, 60601.1 - M90, AS 3200, IEC 60601, IEC 60601-2-41



Denotes hot surfaces



Denotes compliance to European Community Directive 93/42/EEC.



Denotes temperature limits for indicated operation or storage.



Provides usage tips and useful information



Denotes electric shock hazard



Denotes humidity limits for indicated operation or storage.

Terms

101	1110	
•	Interstitial Space	The area between solid ceiling and finished ceiling.
•	HTM2007	Design considerations and Validation of Electrical Services
•	HBN 26	Guidelines for the design of Facilities for Surgical Procedures
•	HTM2022	Sign, installation, validation, and verification of Medical Gas Pipeline Systems
•	IEC60601	Medical Electrical Equipment - General requirements for safety
•	IEC364	Electrical Installations of Buildings: section 710 Medical Locations
•	NEC	National Electrical Code
•	NFPA	National Fire Protection Agency (see http://www.nfpa.org)
•	NFPA 99	Section of NFPA relating to Health Care Facilities
•	OSHPD	Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development (California)

8 Symbols

(see http://www.oshpd.cahwnet.gov)

Guidelines and Responsibilities

Hospital/Contractor Responsibility

Super Structure/Mounting Support



WARNING

Responsibility for proper design of the support structure lies entirely with the hospital/contractor and is not covered through warranty by Stryker. An improperly designed support structure may result in poor performance or damage to equipment and possible injury to the user. Service charges related to inadequate support structure design is at the customer's expense.

Stryker will not review or approve customer support structures. This is the responsibility of the customer's architect and designated structural engineer. Any visit by Stryker personnel to view the steelwork is only to compare its position to ceiling plans.

- 1. Design and install the support structure to:
 - Support (Stryker-supplied) weight and moment loads of each equipment piece.
 - Satisfy all applicable regulations including, but not limited to, building and electrical codes.
- 2. Install the Stryker-supplied Mounting (Interface) Plate at the bottom of each support structure in accordance with the recommended method.
- 3. Loosely install (Stryker-supplied 5/8-11 UNC, M16 if provided) all thread, nuts and washers into the six (6) holes of the Mounting (Interface) Plate to avoid loss of hardware prior to installation.
- 4. Ensure that Stryker equipment and infrastructure is not impeded by the design of the support structure.
- 5. Verify that the diameter of the mounting site is 21in-22in to install the LED Surgical Light System.
- 6. Install access panels directly adjacent to each mounting point for future access for service and maintenance as described in this manual.

Delivery and Storage

- 1. Accept delivery of Stryker crates and equipment to the proper room prior to the installation date.
 - All Stryker-supplied equipment should be stored in a clean, dry environment prior to installation. Failing to comply with this requirement may lead to damage of equipment and possible failure of life support components.
- 2. Remove and dispose of the pallets and boxes after completing the installation.

*s*tryker

Drawings and Information

- The hospital must supply Stryker with up-to-date drawings in .dwg format (CAD) including but not limited to:
 - a. Room layout plans (current and proposed)
 - b. Electrical services drawings
 - c. Mechanical services drawings
 - d. Elevation drawings
 - e. Structural steel (support structure) drawings
 - f. Ceiling drawings
- The hospital must ensure that Stryker is notified of all revisions and changes to drawings prior to and during the scope of the project.

Electrical and Data Infrastructure

- 1. Install the Mains power, junction boxes, Ethernet drops and grounded power outlets as described in this manual, CAD drawings and applicable regulations and standards.
- 2. Provide an uninterruptible, grounded and isolated power to the surgical light system.
- 3. Install the appropriate conduit, catenaries and cable trays between mains power, surgical light power supply box, wall control panel and the support structure mounting points.
 - For Visum LED Lights: Install the back box for the wall-mounted Visum LED Surgical Lights application.
- 4. Provide access for all Stryker personnel to route Stryker-supplied cables from locations within each room to the termination locations, as specified in the CAD drawings.
- 5. Verify the capacity of electrical infrastructure is capable of meeting the requirements as specified by Stryker for the project.
- 6. Perform final electrical testing and validation for all electrical cables and power outlets, including those on Stryker-supplied booms.



> Note

Flat Panel Only: Optional 5A in-line fuses are provided and may be installed by the electrical contractor when the flat panel power is connected to the house power..

Stryker's Responsibilities

- Provide the hospital or designated contractor with CAD drawings including elevation and room configuration drawings for Stryker-supplied equipment.
- Advise the hospital of a proposed time-frame for installation of Stryker-supplied infrastructure.
- Check in with hospital personnel and/or contractor to announce arrival.
- Install the surgical lights and calibrate the brakes according to Stryker specifications.
- Connect low voltage electrical and data cables for surgical lights and adjust lighting (voltage, field diameter adjustments, etc.) to Stryker specifications.
- Install the flat panel monitor arm (if applicable) and calibrate the brakes to Stryker specifications.
- Route and terminate all audio visual cables required for Stryker-supplied equipment.
- Install flat panel monitor (if applicable) and connect audio visual wiring kit to the flat panel.

Mounting Plate Descriptions

Mounting (Interface) Plate

The Mounting Plate is the primary mounting component for new surgical light installations. The plate must be welded or bolted to the support structure by the hospital/contractor.

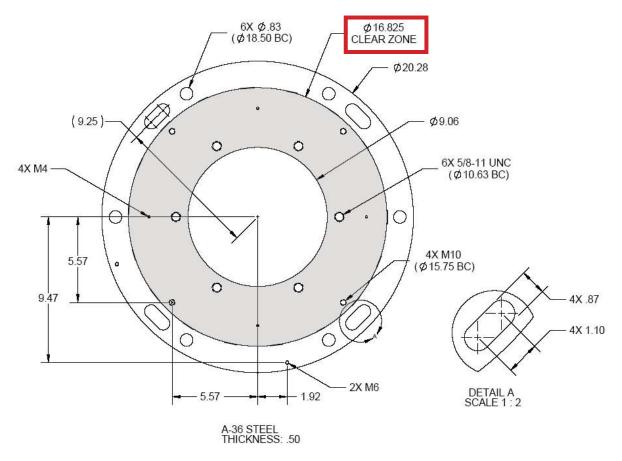


Figure 1: Stryker-supplied Mounting (Interface) Plate



WARNING

The mounting plate is part of the support structure. It is the hospital's responsibility to ensure that the mounting plate can sufficiently support the loads defined for the support structure.



Ensure that the area inside the Clear Zone and at least one of the 2X M6 holes remain unobstructed by the support structure or weld slug.

12 Mounting Plate Descriptions

Universal Mounting Plate

The Universal Mounting Plate adapts the hole-pattern of existing ceiling plates to accommodate Stryker equipment. At least one hole pattern in the existing mounting plate must align with one hole pattern in the Universal Mounting Plate.

For all references in this guide, the Universal Mounting Plate only adapts Stryker equipment to existing mounting plates supplied by Steris®, Berchtold® or Getinge. It is the hospital responsibility to determine whether their existing plate is compatible with the Universal Mounting Plate prior to site preparation.

M

WARNING

The existing mounting plate is part of the support structure. It is the hospital's responsibility to ensure that the existing plate is sufficiently strong to support the loads defined in this manual.

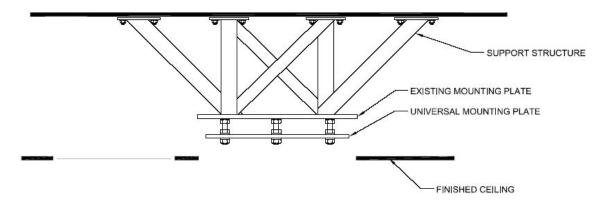


Figure 2: Mounting & Universal Plate Diagram

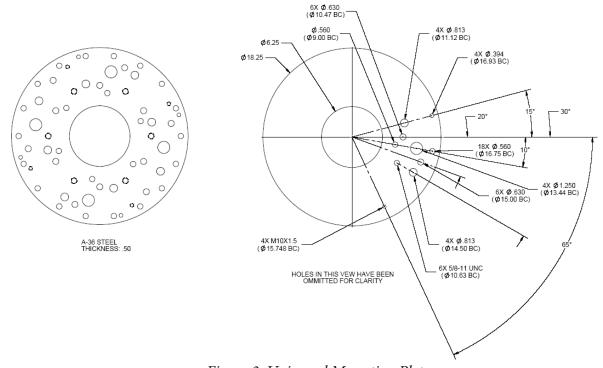


Figure 3: Universal Mounting Plate

Mounting Plate Descriptions 13

Visum 450 and Visum 600 (Halogen) Part Descriptions

Visum 450 & 600 (Halogen) Light Power Supply Box

(Weight: 36.5 lbs/16.5 kg)

- 1. The power supply box provides 24 VDC power to the surgical lights from a 120/230 VAC source.
- 2. Mount the power supply box at the documentation station.

Note Note

Single and dual-light configurations require one power supply box. Three or four-light configurations require two power supply boxes.

3. Use a Three-Bay Documentation Station to accommodate the power supply box and a SwitchPoint™ unit.



> Note

The power supply box can be configured with an optimal 24V inlet for battery backup, if required by the hospital.



Front View of Power Supply Box



Back View of Power Supply Box

Figure 4: Power Supply Box

Visum 450 & Visum 600 (Halogen) Light and Camera Wall Control Panel

The wall control panel provides control for lighting levels as well as control for cameras where applicable.

1. Vertically mount the wall control panel at conventional light switch height.



Single and dual-light configurations require one power supply box. Three or four-light configurations require two power supply boxes.

2. Attach the wall control panel to the three-gang box (use the provided screws).

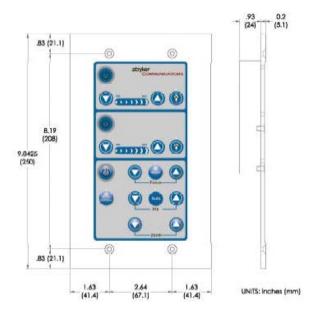






Figure 5: Wall Control Panel



It is not required to install the wall control panel inside the documentation station. Consult the hospital to determine ideal placement near or in the documentation station. For proper installation of the wall control panel, a standard RACO 942 three-gang box should be mounted vertically.

Visum LED Part Descriptions

Power Supply Box for Visum LED

(Weight: 20lbs/9.09 kg)

The power supply box provides 24 VDC power to the surgical lights from a 120/240 VAC source.

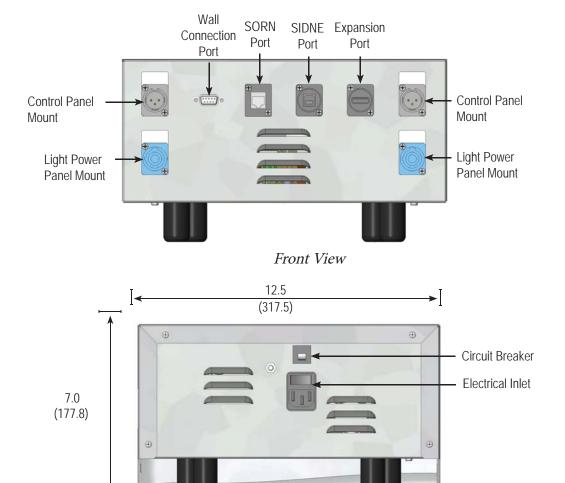
1. Mount the power supply box at the documentation station or near a power outlet and Ethernet drop.

Consider spacing on the floor, away from walking traffic, to accommodate the power supply box.

Note Note

Single and dual-light configurations require one power supply box. Three or four-light configurations require two power supply boxes.

2. Use a Three-Bay Documentation Station to accommodate a power supply box and a SwitchPoint™ unit.



Back View

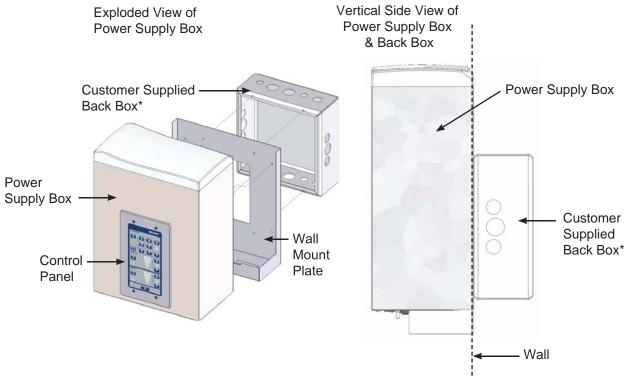
INCHES (mm)

Depth 15.5 (393.7)

Figure 6: Power Supply Box & Ports (for Visum LED Surgical Lights)

Power Supply Box Wall Mount (Optional)

The Power Supply Box Wall Mount should be used to securely install and mount a Visum LED power supply box to a wall.



*The Back Box is concealed within the wall.

Figure 7: Exploded/Side view of Power Supply Box



Mount a standard Hubbell Wiegmann (P/N SC101004) junction box for proper installation of a wall-mounted power supply box. Consult the hospital to determine ideal placement for the power supply box.

Visum LED Part Descriptions 17



Visum LED Wall Control Panel

The Visum LED Wall Control Panel enables users to control light intensity as well as camera functions.

Vertically mount the panel at conventional light switch height. The wall control panel comes with four screws to attach the panel to a three-gang box.

Note Note

Single and dual-light configurations require one power supply box. Three or four-light configurations require two power supply boxes.

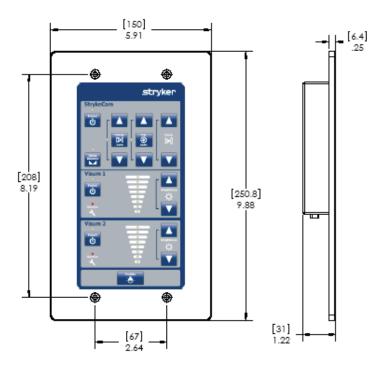


Figure 8: Wall Control Panel

Site Preparation

Installation of the support structure (as outlined in the Guidelines and Responsibilities section of this guide), electrical conduits, junctions boxes, video, data, and other services should be installed by the hospital or contractor and are not contained within the scope of work for Stryker. Stryker assumes all work has been performed in accordance with all applicable engineering and electrical building codes.

Support Structure

1. Position the support structure according to the room layout provided by Stryker.



WARNING

The maximum allowed deflection of the ceiling plate under maximum load is $1^{\circ}(^{1}/_{360}$ deflection ratio).



> Note

The support structure must adequately support the loads specified for each application. Structure designs can vary significantly based on load, interstitial space, obstructions, and building codes.

2. Weld the Mounting (Interface) Plate to the support structure along the outer edge of the plate or use the six (.83in) holes along the outer edge of the plate to bolt it to the support structure (see Figure 1).

Do not use Stryker-supplied thread-all rods to attach the suspension to the Mounting (Interface) Plate. The bolts must be supplied by the contractor.

The Mounting (Interface) Plate must be level within 0.25in (6.4mm). The bottom of the mounting plate must be 2in-4in (50mm-100mm) above the finished ceiling. The space allows cables and hoses to be routed from the surgical light and Flat Panel Arm.



WARNING

Caution must be exercised when lifting heavy objects to avoid serious bodily injury or damage to equipment.



Note

Dynamic (seismic) loads per California Building Code 1632A are available in Appendices A and B.

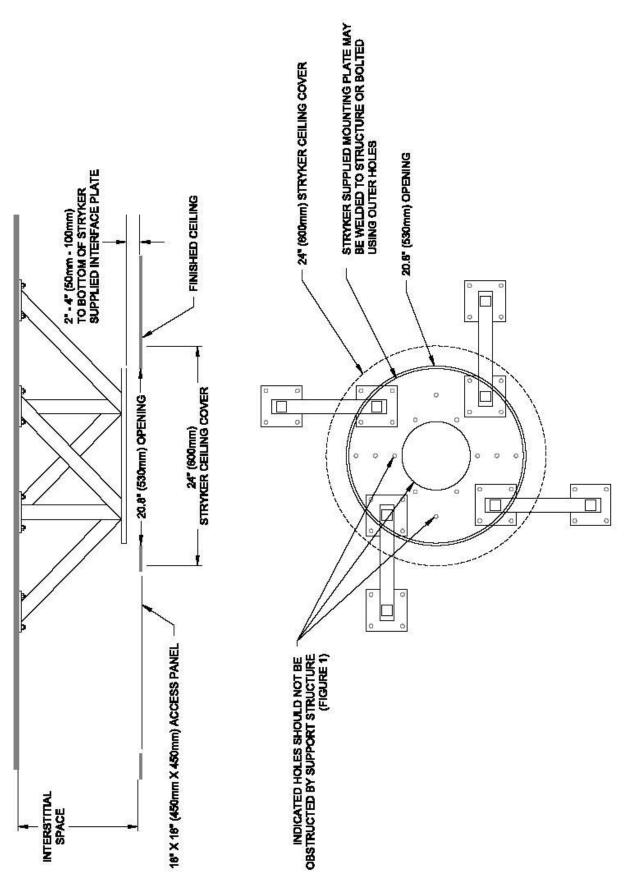


Figure 9: Support Structure



WARNING

Proper design and manufacture of the support structure is the hospital and contractor's responsibility and is not covered through warranty by Stryker. Insufficient structure support may result in poor performance or damage to equipment as well as injury to the user. Service charges related to inadequate structure support are the hospital's responsibility.



WARNING

The mounting plate is part of the support structure. It is the hospital's responsibility to ensure that the mounting plate is sufficiently supported to carry the loads defined for the support structure.



Note

The support structure must be designed and installed to avoid obstruction of or interference with the six tapped holes [5/8-11 UNC (M16)] located adjacent to the inner diameter of the Mounting (Interface) Plate as well as the 9.06in (230mm) diameter center hole.



"Bolt-together," prefabricated, structural members are highly discouraged and considered an unacceptable solution for the support structure design. This approach generally allows considerable flexing of the structure resulting in poor performance and possible equipment damage.

Ceiling access

- An 18in x 18in (450mm x 450mm) minimum access panel must be installed in the ceiling within 18in (450mm) of the Mounting (Interface) Plate to allow connection of electrical and data cables during final installation.
- An 21in-22in (533mm-558mm) hole, either circular or square, concentric with the Mounting (Interface) Plate center is required for the light assembly installation. A 24in (600mm) diameter ceiling cover (Stryker-supplied) will conceal the hole after the suspension has been completely installed.

Electrical Installation

	ij	\
_	•	ر

WARNING

Energized electrical circuits can cause severe injury or death. Ensure that all personnel working around energized circuits have been trained in and follow proper lock out/tag out and other applicable safety procedures.



> Note

Electrical installation and components must conform to all applicable regulations.



Note

All contractor-provided components must be UL-approved or UL-recognized.



> Note

Maximum cable lengths specified in Conduit Schedules (Figures 10, 11 and 12) indicate the maximum length of cables routed through conduits. Ensure that the cable distance between the components (e.g., suspension and power supply box) does not exceed the specified lengths.

Power Supply Box Mounted in Documentation Station

1. Install a vertically-mounted, three-gang junction box (e.g., RACO 942) for each wall control panel.



> Note

One and two-light configurations require one junction box; three and four-light configurations require two junction boxes.



> Note

It is not neccesarry to install the wall control panel inside the documentation station. Consult the hospital to determine ideal placement near or in the documentation station for the wall control panel.

- 2. Install an 18in x 18in (45cm x 45cm) back box behind the documentation station where the power supply box will be located.
- 3. (Visum LED only) Verify that an Ethernet drop is available within 72in (1.8m) of the power supply box.
- 4. Verify that a grounded, uninterruptible and isolated power outlet (110V/220V) is available within 48in (1.2m) of each power supply box.
- 5. Install conduits as specified in Figure 10.
- 6. Provide pull-strings and terminate all conduits with bushings.

(B)

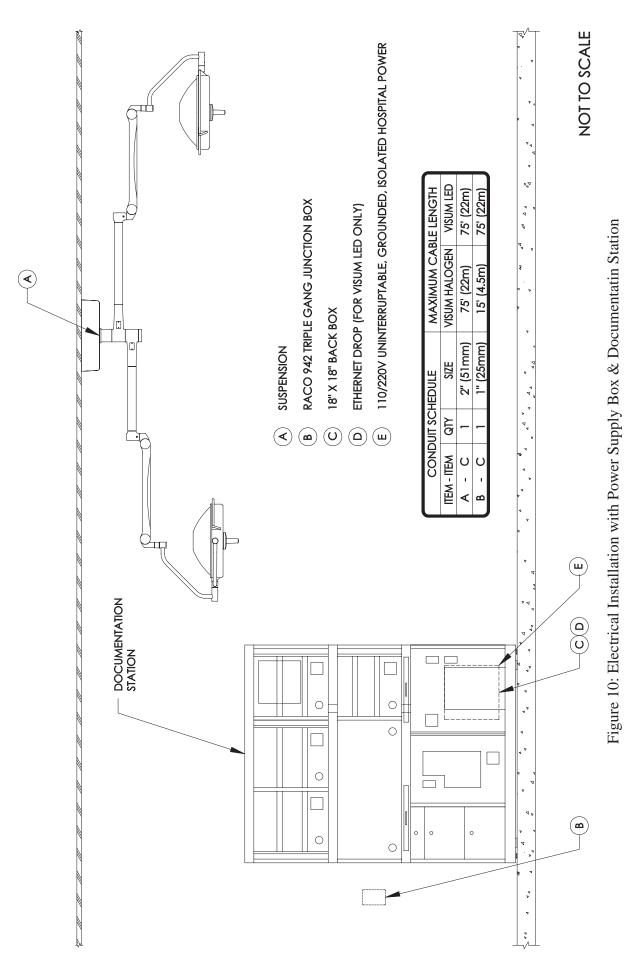
> Note

All components must be located so that conduits do not exceed the maximum lengths specified in Figure 10.



Note

Suspensions with flat panel monitors require additional electrical components (see Suspensions with Flat Panel Arms).

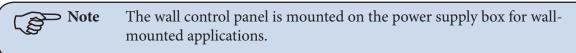


Site Preparation 23

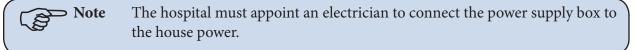
*s*tryker

Wall-Mounted Power Supply Box (Visum LED only)

- 1. Install an 18in x 18in (45cm x 45cm) back box behind the documentation station, if applicable.
- 2. Install a 10in x 10in x 4in Hubbell Wiegmann (P/N SC101004) junction box at the location of the power supply box.



3. Provide 110V/200V, uninterruptible, grounded and isolated power to the 10in x 10in junction box.



- 4. (Visum LED only) Verify that an Ethernet drop is available within 72in (1.8m) of the documentation station.
- 5. Install the conduits as specified in Figure 11.
- 6. Provide pull-strings and terminate all conduits with bushings.

Note	All components must be located so that conduits do not exceed the maximum lengths specified in Figure 11.	
Note	Suspensions with flat panel monitors require additional electrical components (see Suspensions with Flat Panel Arms).	

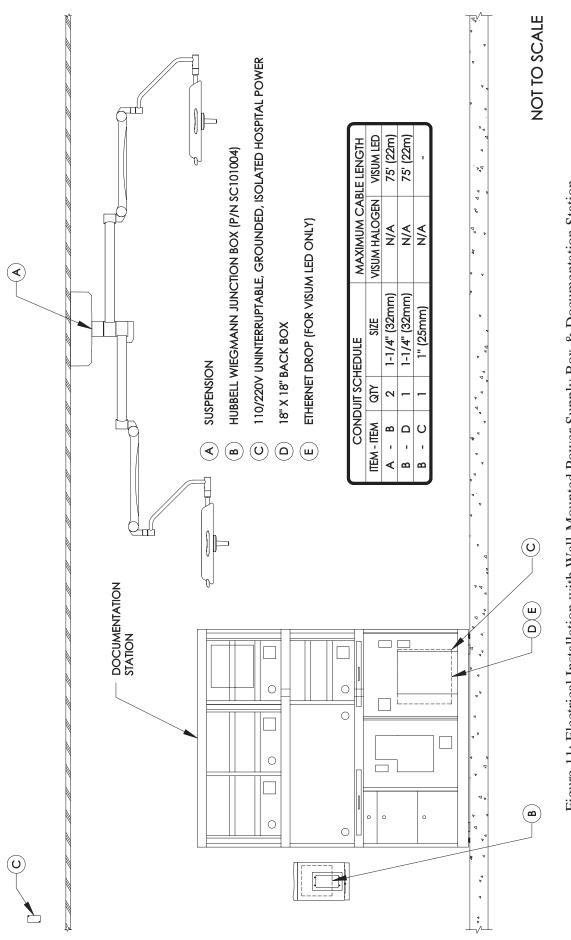


Figure 11: Electrical Installation with Wall-Mounted Power Supply Box & Documentation Station

*s*tryker

Suspensions with Flat-Panel Arms

For each suspension with a flat panel monitor:

- 1. Install an additional 2in (50mm) conduit between the suspension and the documentation station (see Figure 12).
- 2. Provide pull-strings and terminate all conduits with bushings.
- 3. Install a junction box with 110/220V uninterruptible power within 12in (30cm) of the mounting plate.



> Note

If required, provide optional 5A in-line fuses for connection of a flat panel monitor to the Mains power. An electrical contractor must install the fuses.

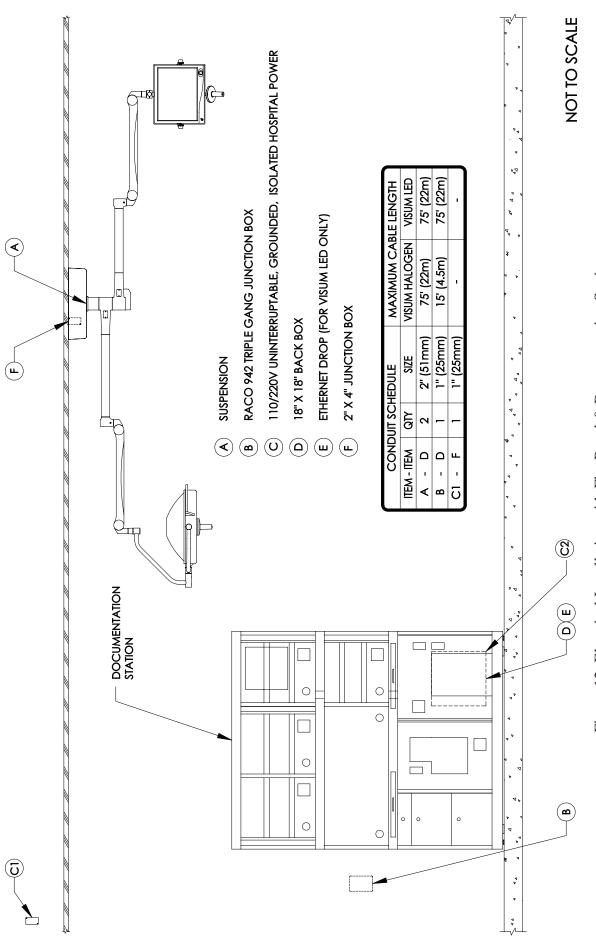


Figure 12: Electrical Installation with Flat Panel & Documentation Station

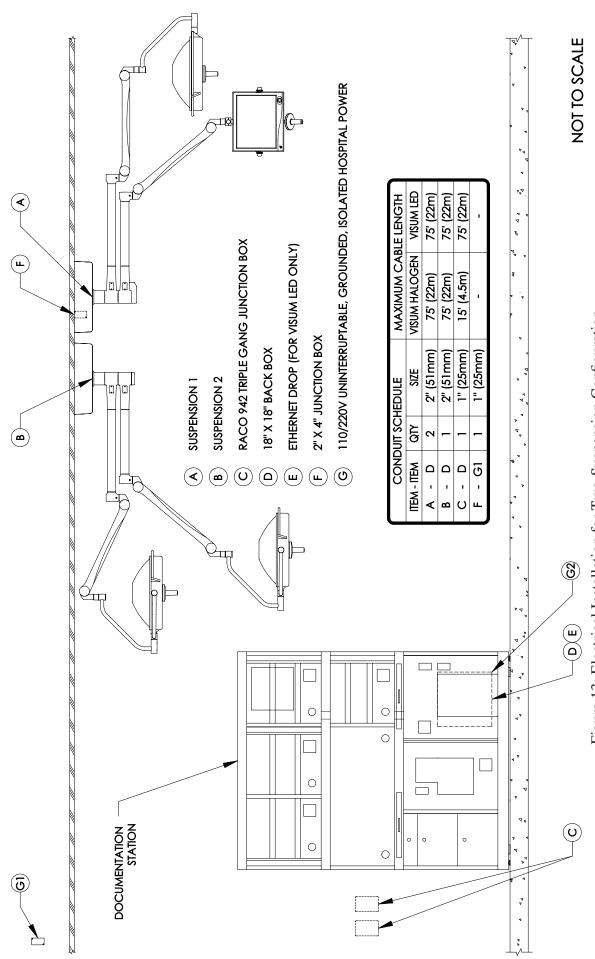


Figure 13: Electrical Installation for Two-Suspension Configuration

Figure Explanation: Two power supply boxes are mounted in the documentation station. One additional conduit is required for the flat panel suspension and two vertically-mounted junction boxes are required for two wall control panels.

Specifications

Environmental Specifications

Operating Humidity:	10%–95%
Storage Humidity	10%-95%

Operating Temperature	Visum LED Surgical Light/StrykeCam 2	41 100 °E (5 20 °C)	
Storage	Visum LED Surgical Light/StrykeCam 2	41–100 °F (5-38 °C)	
Temperature			
Pressure	Visum LED Surgical Light/StrykeCam 2	21-31 in. Hg (71kPa-105kPa)	

Electrical Specifications

Rated Input	Voltage	115-230 V~50/60 Hz
	Current	4.5 A
Power per Light Head (Visum LED)	With Camera	443.59 Btu/hr (130 W)
	Without Camera	429.93 Btu/hr (126 W)
Visum 450 (Halogen)	With Camera	511.82 Btu/hr (150 W)
	Without Camera	409.46 Btu/hr (120 W)
Visum 600 (Halogen)	With Camera	614.19 Btu (180 W)
	Without Camera	511.82 Btu/hr (150 W)

Mechanical Specifications

Max Load Capacity of Light Spring Arm	46.2 lbs (21kg)
---------------------------------------	-----------------

Critical Distances

- The bottom of the mounting plate must be within 2in-4in (50mm-100mm) above the finished ceiling.
- The Ethernet drop must be within 72in (1.8m) of the power supply box.
- The wall control panel must be within 60ft (18.3m) of the power supply box.
- If two wall control panels are used, each control panel should be installed on an 8in-10in (203mm-254mm) center.
- If two power supply boxes are used, each power supply box should be installed on a 14in-18in (356mm-457mm) center.

Specifications 29

stryker°

Support Structure Loads

Support Structure Loads		Load Location		
Equipment	Suspension	Weight	- x	ÿ
	Single	113 lbs (51 kg)	37 in (940 mm)	40 in (1016 mm)
Halogen	Dual	179 lbs (81 kg)	38 in (965 mm)	40 in (1016 mm)
	Triple	246 lbs (112 kg)	39 in (991 mm)	40 in (1016 mm)
	Single	131 lbs (59 kg)	30.1 in (765 mm)	53 in (1346 mm)
LED	Dual	204 lbs (93 kg)	40.2 in (1021 mm)	61.6 in (1564 mm)
	Triple	282 lbs (128 kg)	45.6 in (1158 mm)	65.4 in (1661 mm)
Flat Panel Arm		214 lbs (97 kg)	33 in (838 mm)	49 in (1245 mm)

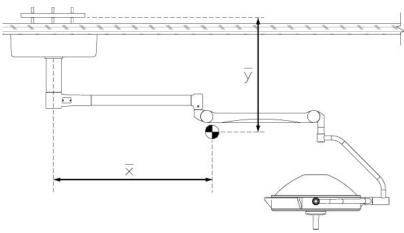


Figure 14: Horizontal (\bar{x}) & Vertical (\bar{y}) Locations of Center Mass

30 Specifications

Light Suspension Specifications

(Visum LED only)

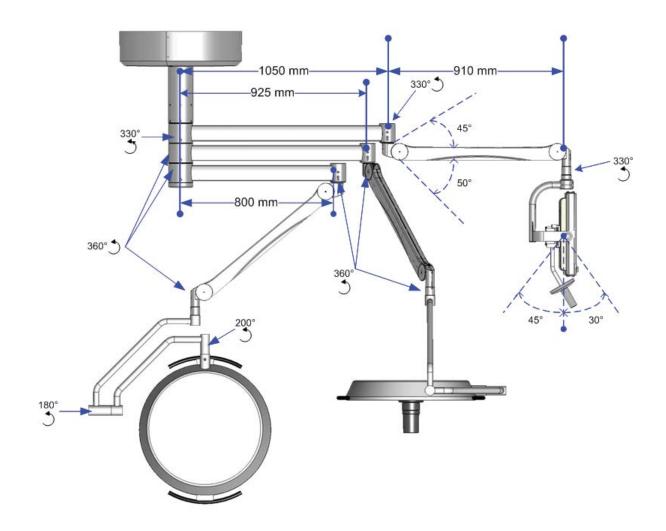


Figure 15: Light Suspension Specifications

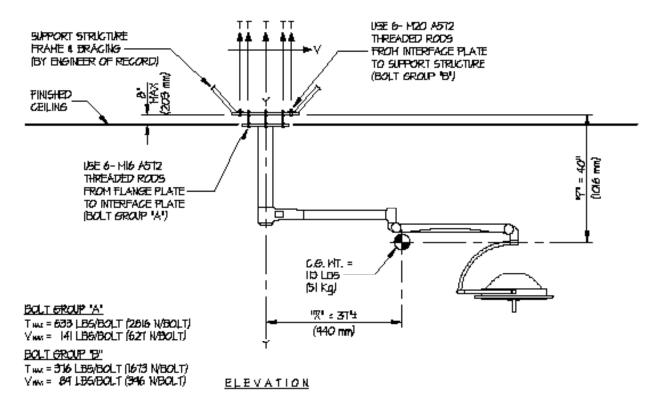
Suspension Capacity	Extension Arm Lengths		
	Visum LED	Visum Halogen	
Single	31.5 in (800 mm)	39.4 in (1000 mm)	
Dual	31.5 in (800 mm) 36.4 in (925 mm)	39.4 in (1000 mm) 33.5 in (850 mm)	
Triple	31.5 in (800 mm) 36.4 in (925 mm) 41.3 in (1050 mm)	39.4 in (1000 mm) 33.5 in (850 mm) 29.5 in (750 mm)	

Specifications 31

Appendix A: Seismic Calculations (Halogen Surgical Lights)



SEISMIC ANCHORAGE CELLING YOUNTED



NOTES:

I. FORCES ARE DETERMINED PER 2001 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE - SECTION IS AND HAVE BEEN PACTORED TO REPRESENT WORKING DESIGN LOADS, NOT ULTIM HORIZONTAL FORCE (V_H) = 0.94M - (C_a= .66, I_p= 1.5, a_p= 1.0, R_p= 3) VERTICAL PORCE (V_H) = 0.33(V_H)

2. CENTER OF GRAVITY (C.S.) WEIGHT IS A MAXIMUM. THIS CALCULATION BYCOMPASSES ALL MEIGHTS UP TO THE MAXIMUM WEIGHT SHOWN.

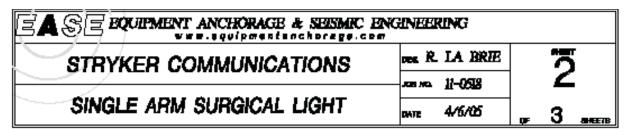
 BYGINEER OF RECORD FOR THE BUILDING SHALL PROVIDE SUPPORT STRUCTURE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT MEIGHTS AND FORCES SHOWN.

32 Appendix A

No. 3566

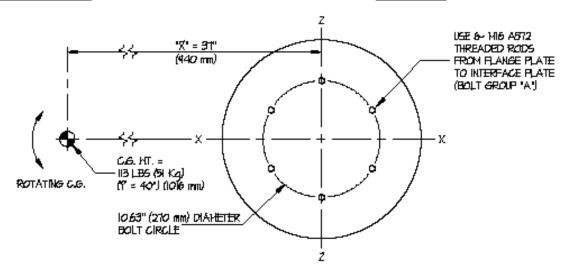
EXP. 3-31-2006

4/6/05



9819MIC ANCHORAGE





PLAN AT FLANGE PLATE

LOADS:

HEIGHT = 113 LBS (508 N) HORIZONTAL FORCE (VH) = 106 LBS (472 N) YERTIGAL FORCE (Vg) = 35 LB6 (I56 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

$I_{X-X} = 85 \text{ in.} \frac{2}{3} / \text{BOLT (54834 mm}^2 / \text{BOLT)}$ $12-2 = 85 \text{ in.}^2/\text{BOLT} (54834 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$

 $\frac{1}{12} = 169 \text{ in.}^2 / \text{BOLT (109082 mm}^2 / \text{BOLT)} \quad \frac{1}{12} = 1006 + (37) = 3,922 + (443 \text{ N-m})$

MOMENTS:

 $M_{XX} = 106 \# (40^\circ) + (113 \# + 35 \#)37 \# = 9.716 \# (1048 M-m)$ MZZ = 106#(40") + (113# + 35#)37" = 9,716 + (1098 N-m)

BOLT FORCES:

TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{4716' \pm (5.32'')}{85} + \frac{103 \pm + 35 \pm}{6} = 633 \text{ LBG/BOLT (MAX) (2816 N/BOLT)}$$

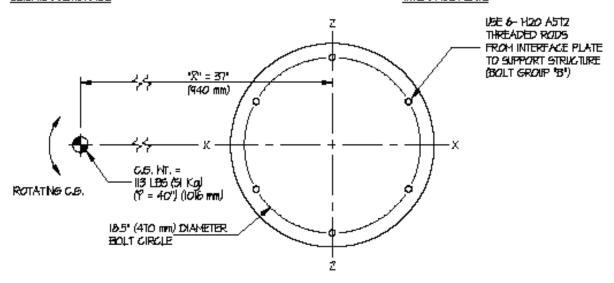
SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{106\#}{6} + \frac{3432\%532\%}{169} = 141 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (621 N/BOLT)$$



SEISMIC ANCHORAGE





PLAN AT INTERFACE PLATE

LOADS:

WEIGHT = 113 LEG (503 N) HORIZONTAL FORCE (V_H) = 106 LEG (412 N) VERTICAL FORCE (V_V) = 35 LEG (156 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

<u>MOMENTS:</u>

 $I_{X-X} = 256 \text{ in.}^2/\text{BOLT} (165161 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$ $M_{XX} = 106 \# (40") + (113# + 35#)371" = 9,716" \# (1098 N-m)$ $I_{Y-Y} = 512 \text{ in.}^2/\text{BOLT} (330322 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$ $M_{YY} = 106 \# (40") + (113# + 35#)371" = 9,716" \# (1098 N-m)$ $M_{YY} = 106 \# (31") = 3,922" \# (448 N-m)$

BOLT FORCES:

TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{9716" # (9.25")}{256} + \frac{113* + 35*}{6} = 376 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (1673 N/BOLT)$$

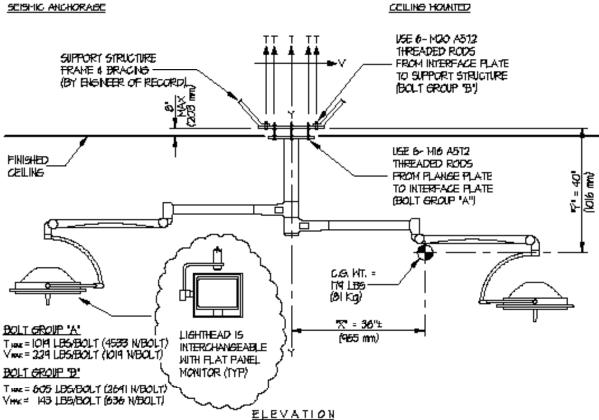
SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{106#}{6} + \frac{3922'#(9.25')}{512} = 84 L#6/BOLT (MAX) (396 N/BOLT)$$

Na. 3566

EXP. 3-31-2006 .n. A/6/05



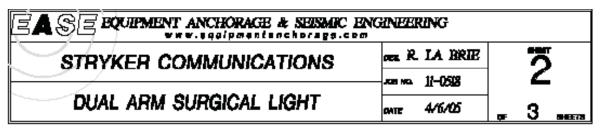


Notes:

I. FORCES ARE DETERMINED PER 2001 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE - SECTION 16327 AND HAVE BEEN FACTORED TO REPRESENT WORKING DESIGN LOADS, NOT ULTIMAT HORIZONTAL FORCE ($V_{\rm H}$) = 0.44M - (C $_{\rm 0}$ = .66, I $_{\rm p}$ = 1.5, α $_{\rm p}$ = 1.0, R $_{\rm p}$ = 3) VERTICAL FORCE ($V_{\rm H}$) = 0.33($V_{\rm H}$)

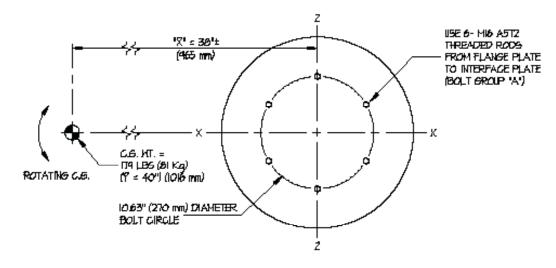
2. CENTER OF GRAVITY (C.G.) HEIGHT IS A MAXIMUM. THIS CALCULATION ENCOMPASSES ALL MEIGHTS UP TO THE MAXIMUM MEIGHT SHOWN.

 ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR THE BUILDING SHALL PROVIDE SUPPORT STRUCTURE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT WEIGHTS AND FORCES SHOWN.



589HIC ANCHORAGE





PLAN AT FLANGE PLATE

LOADS:

MEIGHT = 119 LBS (196 N) HORIZONTAL FORGE (V_H) = 168 LBS (141 N) VERTICAL FORGE (V_V) = 56 LBS (249 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

<u>Moments:</u>

|X-X = 85 | N.2/BOLT (54839mm2/BOLT) |2-2 = 85 | N.2/BOLT (54839mm2/BOLT) MXX = 168#(40") + (179* + 56#)38" = 15,650"# (1768 N-m) MZZ = 168#(40") + (179* + 56#)38" = 15,650"# (1768 N-m)

Y-Y = 164 IN 2/BOLT (104032mm 2/BOLT)

MY = 168#(38") = 6,384"# (121 N-m)

BOLT FORCES:

TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{15650" # (5.32")}{85} + \frac{174# + 56#}{6} = 1019 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (4533 WBOLT)$$

SHEAR (V)

$$\forall = \frac{|68^{\sharp}}{6} + \frac{6384 \% (5.32\%)}{|69} = 229 \text{ LBS/BOLT (MAX) (1019 N/BOLT)}$$



<u>'X' = 38'±</u> (465 mm)

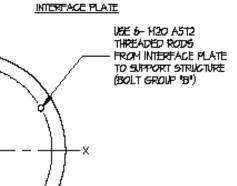
6.6. NT. =

119 LES (B) Kg) (17 = 40°) (1015 mm)

185" (470 mm) <u>DIAMETES</u> BOLT CIRCLE

SEISMIC ANCHORAGE

ROTATING C.G.



PLAN AT INTERFACE PLATE

LOADS:

WEIGHT = 179 LBS (196 N) HORIZONTAL FORCE (VH) = 166 LBS (141 N) VERTICAL FORCE (Vd) = 56 LBS (249 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

<u>MOMENTS:</u>

 $I_{X-X} = 256 \text{ in.}^2 / \text{BOLT (16516 Imm}^2 / \text{BOLT)}$ $I_{Z-Z} = 256 \text{ in.}^2 / \text{BOLT (16516 Imm}^2 / \text{BOLT)}$ $I_{Y-Y} = 512 \text{ in.}^2 / \text{BOLT (330322 mm}^2 / \text{BOLT)}$ $I_{Y-Y} = 512 \text{ in.}^2 / \text{BOLT (330322 mm}^2 / \text{BOLT)}$ $I_{Y-Y} = 684(40'') + (174'' + 56'')38'' = 15650'' + (1768'') + (1768'') + (174'' + 56'')38'' = 15650'' + (1768'') + (176$

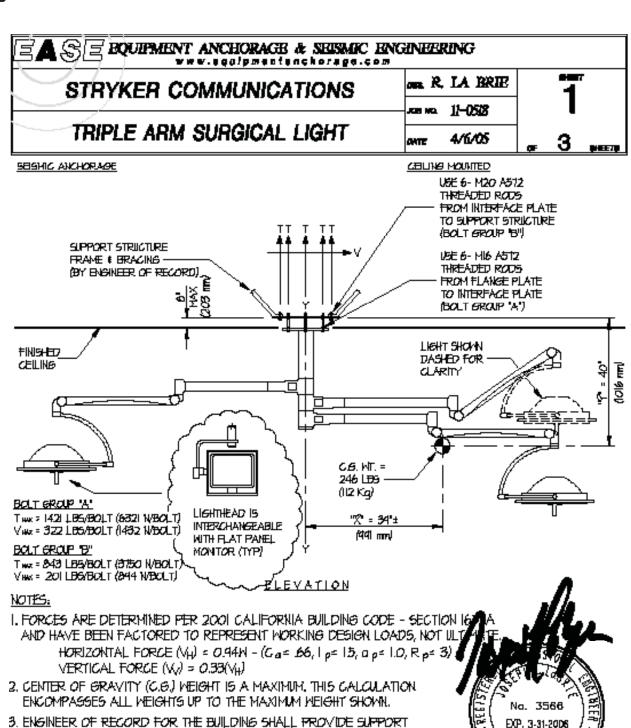
BOLT FORCES:

Tension (t)

$$T = \frac{15650 \% (4.25'')}{256} + \frac{119 \% + 56 \%}{6} = 605 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (2691 N/BOLT)$$

SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{168#}{6} + \frac{6384'#(9.25')}{512} = 148 LB5/BOLT (MAX) (636 N/BOLT)$$



38 Appendix A

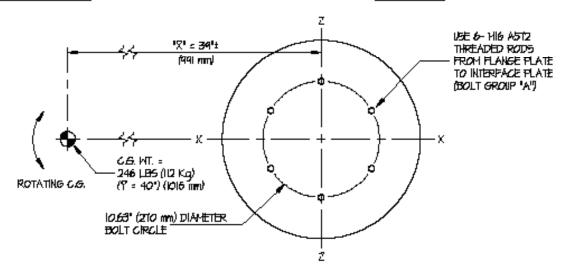
4/6/05

STRUCTURE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT HEIGHTS AND FORCES SHOWN.



SEISMIC ANDHORAGE





PLAN AT FLANGE PLATE

LOADS:

WEIGHT = 246 LBS (1094 N) HORIZONTAL FORCE (V_H) = 231 LBS (1028 N) VERTICAL FORCE (44.) = 27 LB6 (343 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

$I_{X-X} = 65 \text{ in.}^2/\text{BOLT} (54834 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$ $17-2 = 85 \text{ m.}^2/\text{BOLT} (54834 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$

17-Y = 169 in. 2/BOLT (109032 mm 2/BOLT) 14-Y = 231#(39") = 9,009"# (1018 N-m)

MOMENTS:

 $M_{XX} = 231 \# (40") + (246 \# + 71 \#) 34" = 21,637 \# (2467 N-m)$ M22 = 231#(40") + (246# + 71#)34" = 21,637# (2467 N-m)

BOLT FORCES:

TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{21897'''(5.32'')}{85} + \frac{246''' + 17'''}{6} = 1421 \text{ LBS/BOLT (MAX) (6321 N/BOLT)}$$

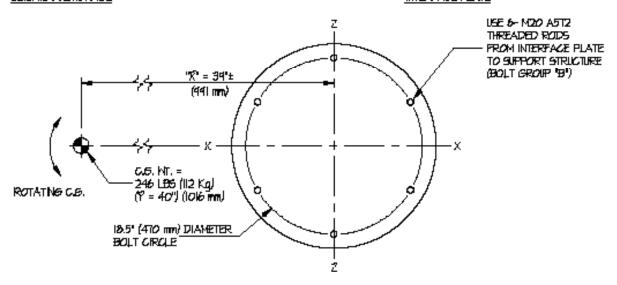
SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{231\#}{6} + \frac{9009'\#(5.32'')}{169} = 322 LB6/BOLT (MAX) (1432 N/BOLT)$$





INTERFACE PLATE



PLAN AT INTERFACE PLATE

LOADS:

WEIGHT = 246 LBS (1094 N) HORIZONTAL FORCE (V_H) = 231 LBS (1028 N) VERTICAL FORCE (V_V) = 77 LBS (343 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

MOMENTS:

 $I_{X-X} = 256 \text{ in}^2/\text{BOLT} (165161 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$ $M_{XX} = 231 \text{ f}(40") + (246# + 77#)34" = 21,837"# (2467 N-m)$ $<math>I_{Z-Z} = 256 \text{ in}^2/\text{BOLT} (165161 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$ $M_{ZZ} = 231 \text{ f}(40") + (246# + 77#)34" = 21,837"# (2467 N-m)$ $<math>I_{Y-Y} = 512 \text{ in}^2/\text{BOLT} (330322 \text{ mm}^2/\text{BOLT})$ $M_{YY} = 231 \text{ f}(34") = 9,004"# (1018 N-m)$

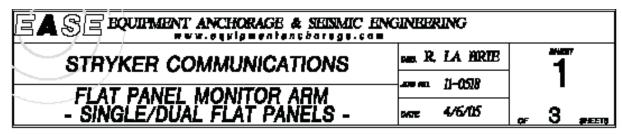
BOLT FORCES:

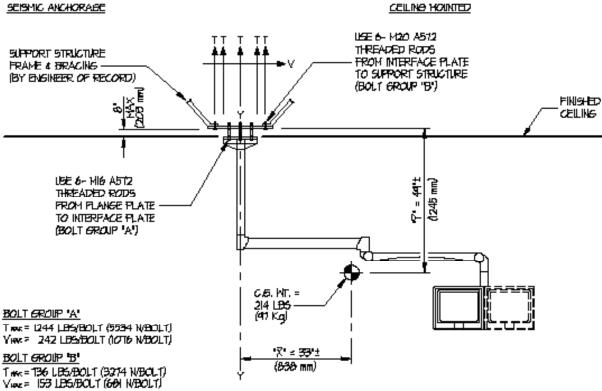
TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{21697'''(9.25'')}{256} + \frac{246''' + 17''}{6} = 843 LE95/BOLT (MAX) (3150 N/BOLT)$$

SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{231#}{6} + \frac{9009'*(9.25')}{512} = 201 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (844 N/BOLT)$$





NOTES:

I. FORCES ARE DETERMINED PER 2001 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE - SECTION. AND HAVE BEEN FACTORED TO REPRESENT WORKING DESIGN LOADS, NOT U HORIZONTAL FORCE (V_H) = 0.44 M_\odot (C $_0$ = .66, I $_p$ = 1.5, a_p = 1.0, R $_p$ = 3) VERTICAL FORCE (V_h) = 0.33(V_h)

ELEVATION

 CENTER OF GRAVITY (C.S.) MEIGHT IS A MAXIMUM, THIS CALCULATION ENCOMPASSES ALL MEIGHTS UP TO THE MAXIMUM MEIGHT SHOWN.

3. ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR THE BUILDING SHALL PROVIDE SUPPORT STRUCTURE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT WEIGHTS AND FORCES SHOWN.

Appendix A 41

No. 3586

EXP. 3-31-200B

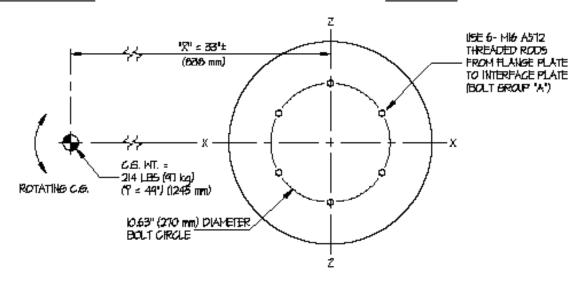
4/6/05

CA\

EASE BOUIPMENT ANCHORAGE & SEISMEC EN	GINEE	RING			
STRYKER COMMUNICATIONS	R. I.A HRIE				
FLAT PANEL MONITOR ARM		11-0538		_	
- SINGLE/DUAL FLAT PANELS -	MUE	4/6/05	QF.	3	BHEE 18

SEISMIC ANCHORAGE





PLAN AT FLANGE PLATE

LOADS:

WEIGHT = 214 LBS (452 N)

HORIZONTAL FORCE (A) = 201 LBS (844 N) VERTICAL FORCE (V.) = 61 LB5 (298 N)

BOLT EROUP PROPERTIES:

|X-X = 85 | IN.² /BOLT (54839mm ²/BOLT) |2-2 = 85 | IN.² /BOLT (54839mm ²/BOLT) |Y-Y = 169 | IN.² /BOLT (109032mm ²/BOLT)

MOMENTS:

 $M_{XX} = 2014(44') + (214* + 67*)33' = 14,122'* (2161 N-m)$

 $M_{27} = 2014(49') + (214* + 61*)33' = 19,122'* (2161 N-m)$

MYY = 201#(33") = 6,633"# (149 N-m)

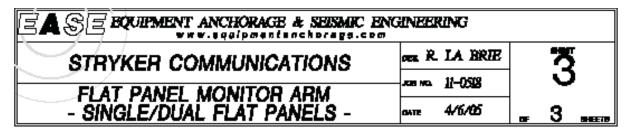
BOLT FORCES:

TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{|4|22" \#(5.32")}{85} + \frac{2|4# + 67#}{6} = |244| \pm 26/40 \text{LT} \text{ (MAX) (5534 N/BOLT)}$$

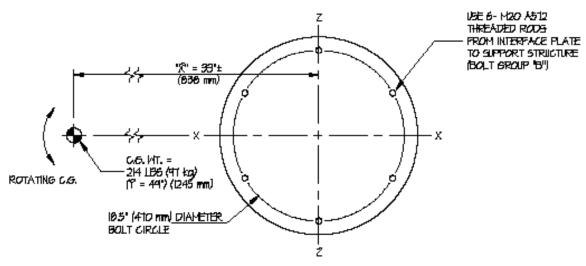
SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{301\%}{6} + \frac{6633\%5.33\%}{169} = 242 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (1076 N/BOLT)$$



SEISMIC ANCHORAGE





PLAN AT INTERFACE PLATE

LOADS:

MEIGHT = 214 LB5 (452N)HORIZONTAL FORCE (VA) = 201 LBS (844 N) VERTIGAL FORCE (W.) = 67 LBS (298 N)

BOLT GROUP PROPERTIES:

MOMENTS:

 $M_{XX} = 20 \# (49") + (214# + 67#)33" = 14,122# (2161 N-m)$ MZZ = 20#(49") + (214# + 67#)83" = 14,122 # (2161 N-m)

BOLT FORGES:

TENSION (T)

$$T = \frac{19122"\#(9.25")}{256} + \frac{201\# + 61\#}{6} = 136 LBS/BOLT (MAX) (3214 N/BOLT)$$

SHEAR (V)

$$V = \frac{20|\#}{6} + \frac{6633'\#(9.25'')}{5!2} = 153 LB5/BOLT (MAX) (66) N/BOLT)$$

Appendix B: Seismic Calculations (LED Surgical Lights)



Sheet 1 of 3

Office of Statewide Health Planning and Development ANCHORAGE PRE-APPROVAL

OPA-1649

Equipment Manufacturer: Stryker Communications
Equipment Type: Stryker EDS Light Suspension

GENERAL NOTES

- 1. FORCES ARE DETERMINED PER 2001 CBC 1632A.2, EQUATIONS 32-A1, A2 & A3, WHERE C_a = .66, a_p = 2.5, I_p = 1.5 AND R_p = 3.0 PLEASE NOTE THAT THE RESULT FROM EQUATIONS 32-A1, A2 & A3 HAVE BEEN REDUCED BY A FACTOR OF 1.4 FOR ALLOWABLE STRESS DESIGN.
- 2. THIS PRE-APPROVAL CONFORMS TO THE 2001 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE.
- 3. THE DETAILS IN THIS PRE-APPROVAL MAY BE USED AT ANY LOCATION AND AT ANY HEIGHT IN THE STATE OF CALIFORNIA.
- 4. THE ENGINEER OF RECORD SHALL DESIGN BACKING BARS, STUDS, FRAMES ABOVE THE CEILING, ETC.
 WHICH THE UNITS ARE ATTACHED TO AS NOTED ON THE DRAWINGS. THE ENGINEER OF RECORD
 SHALL ALSO VERIFY THE ADEQUACY OF THE STRUCTURES (SUCH AS WALLS AND FLOORS)
 WHICH SUPPORT THE UNITS FOR THE LOADS IMPOSED ON THEM BY THE UNITS AS WELL AS ALL OTHER LOADS.
- 5. ALL ANCHOR FORCES SHOWN ON THE DRAWINGS ARE WORKING LOADS (AS OPPOSED TO ULTIMATE LOADS) AND MAY BE USED FOR ALLOWABLE STRENGTH DESIGN.

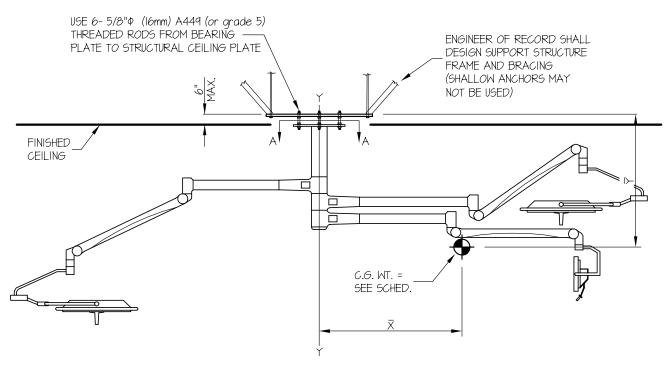




EASE EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE & SEISMIC ENG. www.equipmentanchorage.com	INEER	RING			
STRYKER COMMUNICATIONS		LA BRIE		SHEET	•
OTDYKED EDG LIGHT GUODENGION	JOB NO.	11-0712		£	
STRYKER EDS LIGHT SUSPENSION	DATE	3/7/07	OF	3	SHEETS

SEISMIC ANCHORAGE PRE-APPROVAL

CEILING MOUNTED



NOTES:

- I. ANCHORAGE DESIGN PER 2001 CALIFORNIA BUILDING CODE SECTION 1632A AND HAVE BEEN FACTORED TO REPRESENT WORKING DESIGN LOADS, NOT ULTIMATE. HORIZONTAL FORCE (V_H) = 1.71Wp(C $_a$ = .66, | $_p$ = 1.5, $_a$ p= 2.5, R $_p$ = 3.0) VERTICAL FORCE (V_V) = 0.35 W $_p$
- 2. CENTER OF GRAVITY (C.G.) WEIGHT IS A MAXIMUM. THIS PRE-APPROVAL ENCOMPASSES ALL WEIGHTS UP TO THE MAXIMUM WEIGHT SHOWN.
- 3. ENGINEER OF RECORD FOR THE BUILDING SHALL PROVIDE SUPPORT STRUCTURE DESIGNED TO SUPPORT WEIGHTS AND FORCES SHOWN, IN ADDITION TO ALL OTHER LOADS.



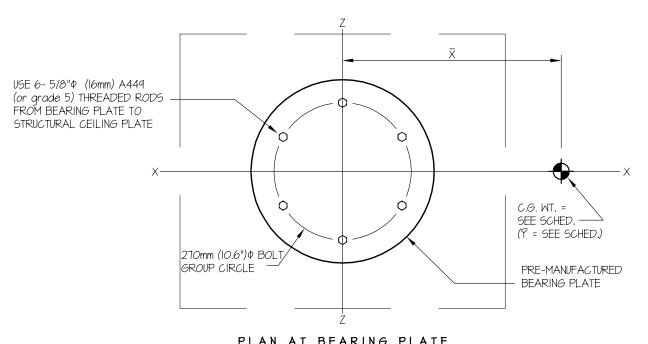


Appendix B 45

EASE EQUIPMENT ANCHORAGE & SEISMIC ENG	SINEER	RING			
STRYKER COMMUNICATIONS	DES. K. LA BRIE		SHEET	<u> </u>	
OTDYKED EDG LIGHT GUODENGION	JOB NO.	11-0712			
STRYKER EDS LIGHT SUSPENSION	DATE	3/7/07	OF	3	SHEETS

SEISMIC ANCHORAGE PRE-APPROVAL

BEARING PLATE TO STRUCTURAL CEILING PLATE



<u> </u>	AT DEARING TEATE
	SECTION A-A

MODEL (ARM LENGTH)	MAX WEIGHT (lbs)	X (in)	\ (in)	Mxx & Mzz	T max (lbs/bolt)	V MAX (lbs/bolt)
SINGLE ARM	131	30.1	53	26004	1135	39
DOUBLE ARM	204	40.2	61.6	35625	2136	60
TRIPLE ARM	282	45.6	65.4	46016	3188	83





46 Appendix B



Joint Replacements
Trauma, Extremities & Deformities
Craniomaxillofacial
Spine
Biologics
Surgical Products
Neuro & ENT
Interventional Pain
Navigation
Endoscopy
Communications
Imaging
Patient Handling Equipment
EMS Equipment
Rehabilitation Services

Stryker Communications 1410 Lakeside Pkwy. Flower Mound, TX 75028 t: 972.410.7100

www.stryker.com